Increase in cost of agriculture production

†2072. SHRI KAPIL SIBAL:
SHRI RAJIV RANJAN SINGH LALAN:

Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that the main problem of agriculture is the situation arising due to incessant increase in cost of production;

(b) if so, the reaction of Govemment thereto;

(c) whether it is also a fact that Indian Society of Agricultural Science and Indian Council of Agricultural Research have realized the need for comprehensive charges in research work, keeping in view the agriculture aspect of WTO; and

(d) if so, the details thereof?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI HUKUMDEO NARAYAN YADAV): (a) and (b) No Sir. Tne cost of production of agricultural crops depends on cost of cultivation and productivity. Accordingly in case the productivity increases at a higher rate than the increase in cost of cultivation, the cost of production of such crops may actually decline. Conversely, the cost of production may increase. Thus seen over a period of time, the cost of production shows a fluctuating pattern.

(c) and (d)The Indian Council of Agricultural Research (ICAR) has been continuously pursuing the work of agricultural research and scientists are being apprised of the different agreements relating to agriculture in the WTO. ICAR has prepared its Draft 10th Five Year Plan keeping in view the WTO.

Crop insurance in Chhattisgarh

2073. SHRI DILIPSINGH JUDEV: Will the Minister of AGRICULTURE be pleased to state:

(a) which insurance company has been entrusted the work of crop insurance in Chhattisgarh;

(b) the number of farmers benefited therefrom;

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†Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.

(c) the number of fanners for whom sanction for payment of insured sum has been accorded due to destruction of crops during 2001-2002; and

(d) the details of amount actually deposited by the Central and the State Govemment with the insurance company?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE (SHRI HUKUMDEO NARAYAN YADAV): (a) General Insurance Corporation of India (GIC) is the Implementing Agency (IA) of National Agricultural Insurance Scheme (NAIS) in the country at present

(b) Chhattisgarh has implemented the scheme, as a separate State, from Kharif 2000 season. As per the latest information 401705 farmers have been benefited under the scheme during Kharif 2000 season.

(c) As per the preliminary assessment of the IA, no claims are payable for Kharif 2001 season during 2001-2002.

(d) A statement indicating the details of funds provided by die Central Govemment and the State Govemment is enclosed.

Statement

Details of funds provided under NAIS by Central Govemment and State Govemment of Chhattisgarh

(Rs. in lakh)

Sl. No	Details	State Govt's Fund	Central Govt.'s Fund
1.	Premium subsidy	42.51	42.51
2.	Bank Service Charges	5.77	5.77
3.	Claims (Kharif 2000)	3771.68	3771.68
4.	Various other liabilities	148.94	Lump-sum amount has been provided for all the implementing States.